

Company name: MELLOW PARISH CHURCH SUMMER BARBEQUE CONDUCTED BY:
AT 6 ELSWICK GROVES MELLOR GRAHAM TIPPER
6 JULY 09 RICHARD JONES

Step 1

What are the hazards?

Spot hazards by:

- walking around your workplace;
- asking your employees what they think;
- visiting the 'Your industry areas of the HSE website or calling HSE Infoline;
- calling the Workplace Health Connect AdviceLine or visiting their website;
- checking manufacturers' instructions;
- contacting your trade association.

Don't forget long-term health hazards.

ACCESS TO REAR
TRIPPING HAZARDS
NAKED FLAME
FLAMMABLE MATERIAL
FOOD HYGIENE/SAFETY

Step 2

Who might be harmed and how?

Identify groups of people. Remember:

- some workers have particular needs;
- people who may not be in the workplace all the time;
- members of the public;
- if you share your workplace think about how your work affects others present.

Say how the hazard could cause harm.

GUEST + OCCUPIDS
ANYONE NEAR BBQ
WHEN LIGHTING &
COOKING
(NO CHILDREN)
GUESTS

Step 3

What are you already doing?

List what is already in place to reduce the likelihood of harm or make any harm less serious.

You need to make sure that you have reduced risks 'so far as is reasonably practicable'. An easy way of doing this is to compare what you are already doing with good practice. If there is a difference, list what needs to be done.

PATH IN GOOD
CONDITION
COMPETANT BROUERS
COMPETANT CHEF

Step 4

How will you put the assessment into action?

Remember to prioritise. Deal with those hazards that are high-risk and have serious consequences first.


Action by whom Action Done by when

CHECK FOR TRIPPALE GT 6/10/09
HAZARDS ON DAY
ADHERE TO FIDE AB ---
BRIGADE GUIDE
ATTACHED
PROVIDE FIRE GT ---
BUCKET
COMPETANT CHEF AB ---

Step 5 Review date: Prior to next barbeque

- Review your assessment to make sure you are still improving, or at least not sliding back.
- If there is a significant change in your workplace, remember to check your risk assessment and, where necessary, amend it.

RICHARD JONES 6/17/09
GRAHAM TIPPER 6/17/2009



CHESHIRE

FIRE & RESCUE SERVICE


[Accessibility](#) | [Home](#) | [Listen](#) | [Translation](#) | [Forum](#) | [Site Map](#) | [Help](#)

Search

Search

Search A to Z

[Home Page](#) | [About Us](#) | [Business Safety](#) | [Public Safety](#) | [Jobs](#) | [News and Events](#) | [Partnerships](#) | [Young People](#)



[Home](#) » [Public Safety](#) » [Campaigns](#) » [Barbecue Safety](#) »

Barbecue Safety

During the current spell of hot weather, a timely warning has been given by Cheshire Fire and Rescue Service regarding barbecue safety.

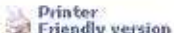
The good weather is likely to continue over the weekend, so it is instinctive to want to go outdoors and enjoy barbecues with family and friends.


While there are some risks involved, by following some simple rules you can ensure your barbecue is a safe enjoyable event:

- Don't be over generous with the charcoal.
- Use only approved lighter fuels, never petrol.
- Lighter fuels must only be applied before lighting.
- Keep young children well away from the barbecue.
- If you are the chef, try not to drink too much alcohol whilst cooking.
- Remember to light your charcoal an hour before you commence cooking.
- Be careful with fatty foods and never pour oil onto meat when it is cooking.
- Never pour petrol on any barbecue to try and re-ignite it - start the process again, properly.
- After the event seal your charcoal bag and store in a dry place, which will make it easier to light next time.
- Stand portable barbecues on an even surface and make sure they are away from the house, fences or shed.
- After you have finished cooking, extinguish the burning coals. Then leave a period of time, one to three hours, to check that the fire is completely out.

This may be a formidable list but most of these things are common sense. **By far the biggest danger is the use of flammable liquids to light the barbecue.** We have had a couple of occasions where people have poured petrol onto the charcoal in an effort to get it going and the reaction has, not surprisingly, been violent and highly dangerous. Prepare well in advance and light the charcoal early. Most of all enjoy yourself in safety.

To request a home fire safety assessment please complete our [on-line home safety assessment request](#) form or phone our hotline number **0800 389 0053**





Animal Premises Safety
Bank Holiday Safety
Barbecue Safety
Boat Safety
Bonfire and Firework Safety
Caravan and Camping Safety
Carbon Monoxide
Child Fire Safety
Child Safety Week
Chinese New Year Safety Advice
Christmas and New Year Safety
Countryside Safety
Deaf Awareness Week
Deafblind Awareness Week
Deliberate Anti Social Behaviour Calls
Diwali Safety Advice
DIY Safety
Domestic Violence
Driving During Stormy Weather
Eid Safety Advice
Fire Safety Day
Flooding and Heavy Rainfall
Grandparents Day
Gypsy/Traveller Month
Heatwave Safety Advice
Home Safety Assessments
Ice Safety
National Bike Week
National Chip Week
Pancake Day Safety Advice
Ramadan Safety Advice
Road Safety
School Holiday - Arson Prevention
Smoke Free England
Smoking Safety Advice
Stable Safe
Student Safety
Summer Safety
Summer Time Ends
Walk to School Week
Water Safety

EXAMPLE HAZARDS & CONTROLS (from ISSOW paper system)**Hazards**

Confined-Space-Entry	N/A	Awkward Access	NO	Working at Height	NO	Unguarded Openings	N/A	Heavy-Lift	N/A
Heavy/Awkward Object	NO	Severe/Adverse Weather	NO	Overside-Work	N/A	Excavation Collapse	N/A	Slipping Hazard	NO
Toxic-Gas/Fume	N/A	Hazardous Substance	NO	Asbestos	NO	ISA-Seals/NOBM	N/A	Radioactive-Source	N/A
Pyrophoric-Subst	N/A	Naked Flame	YES	Flammable Materials	YES	Vibration	N/A	Tripping Hazard	YES
Stored-Electrical Energy	N/A	High-Voltage (HV)	N/A	Low Voltage (LV)	NO	Electric-Spark	N/A	Mechanical-Spark	N/A
Dropped Object	NO	Projectiles	N/A	Smoke	NO YES	Pressurised-Hose Failure	N/A	Noise	N/A

Controls SEE RISK ASSESSMENT

Erect signs and barriers	N/A	Make safety announcements	N/A	Keep worksite free of tripping hazards	✓	Check worksite for potential dropped objects	N/A	Secure loose objects	N/A	Liaise with adjacent-Performing Authorities	N/A
Ensure correct PPE to be worn	N/A	Firewatcher to be in attendance at all times during any hot work	✓	Additional PPE to be worn (specify)	N/A	Portable fire extinguisher of correct type on site FIRE BUCKET	✓	Do not proceed with task while cold flaring	✓	Receptacles for welding rods and used stubs to be provided	N/A
Maintain radio contact with Control Room	N/A	Equipment to be isolated when left unattended	N/A	A safe means of access to worksite must always be used	✓	Gas test required before work commences	N/A	Oxygen check required before work commences	N/A	Continuous gas monitoring in use at worksite (portable gas detector)	N/A
Repeat gas tests at specified intervals	N/A	Waste to be disposed of correctly	N/A	Use safe manual handling techniques	N/A	Adhere to COSHH Assessments	N/A	Adhere to Manual Handling Risk Assessment	N/A	Adhere to lifting plan/method statement	N/A